"Tell us about an achievement that you are particularly proud of."

Cass

Cooking

Well, related...

One thing of annoyance...

Fresh herbs and spices!

Pre-packaged herbs tend to go off fairly quickly...



Issues with growing your own plants

- Outdoor pests
- Constrained by space of accomodation (no garden)
- Cooking frequently requires high yield farming
- Different herbs require different environments for optimal growth
 - Temperature, humidity, moisture, light levels, water pH etc...

Hydroponics!

"The process of growing plants in sand, gravel, or liquid, with added nutrients but without soil."

....The simplest thing would've been to just put some plants in a pot and waited patiently

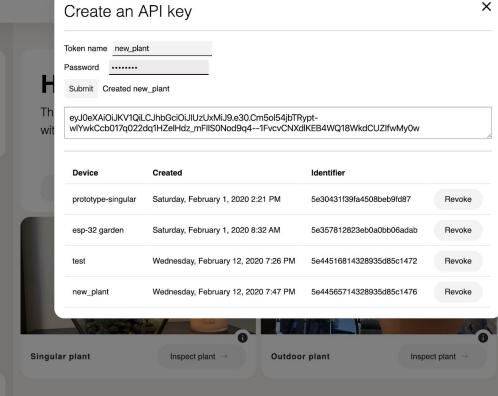


§ Gardens

VÄXER Garden 5e21c99fa7b8674f...

§ Plants

Singular plant 5e21c9aea7b8674fb... Outdoor plant 5e21c9f7a7b8674fb...



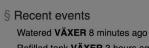
Add plant

VÄXER Garden

Add garden

Inspect garden

OT



Refilled tank **VÄXER** 3 hours ago Watered **Singular plant** 1 day ago







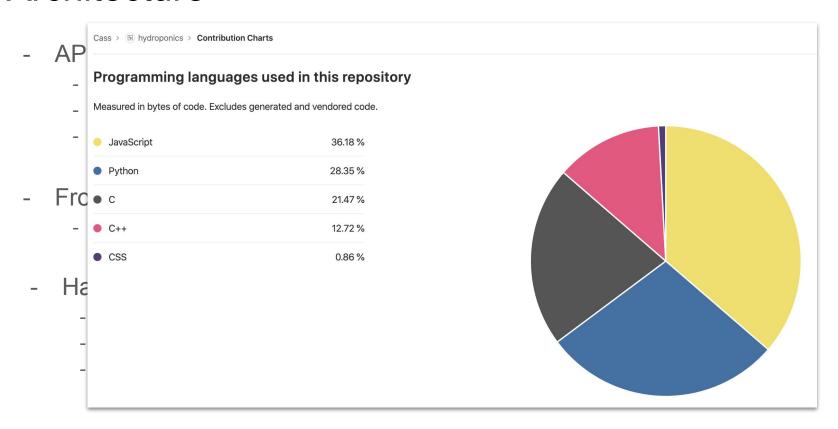


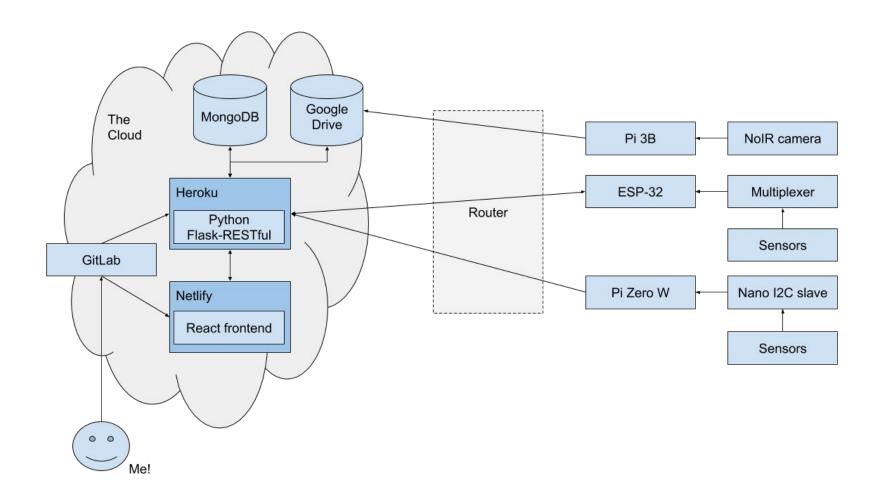
The plan

Internet of Things garden & plant management with dashboard.

- Gardens and Plants, manage entire gardens constituted of sub-plants
- Event based system notifies when an action needs completing / parameters out of range e.g. needs watering, moisture too low, humidity too high
- Remotely trigger events on micro-controllers, e.g. turn on light, open watering valve
- Monitor all metrics on front-end dashboard with graphs
- Code support for different hardware (ESP-32, Wemos D1 Mini & Raspberry Pi)

Architecture





Python Flask-RESTful, extension to Flask Application factory pattern

Fully documented and tested

```
C O Not Secure api.hydroponics.cass.si/gardens/5e21c99fa7b8674fb3c0bd02
- data: {
    id: "5e21c99fa7b8674fb3c0bd02",
    name: "VÄXER Garden",
    image: "https://ftp.cass.si/026420w70.jpeg",
    created at: 1579272607.
    type: "garden",
   - plants:
                                            def create app(config name):
              "5e21c9a5a7b8674fb3c0bd03"
                                              app = Flask( name )
                                              app.config.from object(app config[config name])
               "5e21c9a7a7b8674fb3c0bd04"
                                              mongo.init app(app)
           id: "5e3832f22160986bbc8d31ad"
                                              api = Api(app)
                                              api.add resource(Index, "/")
                                              api.add resource(Auth, "/auth")
           id: "5e3832fc2160986bbc8d31ae"
                                              api.add_resource(Token, "/auth/token")
                                              api.add resource(ApiKey, "/auth/key")
           _id: "5e3833042160986bbc8d31af"
                                              api.add_resource(Gardens, "/gardens")
           id: "5e38330f2160986bbc8d31b0"
                                              api.add_resource(Garden, "/gardens/<string:uuid>")
           id: "5e38331c2160986bbc8d31b1"
                                              api.add resource(Plants. "/plants")
                                              api.add_resource(Plant, "/plants/<string:uuid>")
           id: "5e3833272160986bbc8d31b2"
                                              api.add_resource(Measurements, "/<path:obj_type>/<st</pre>
                                              api.add resource(MeasurementsCount, "/<path:obj_type
   - recording: [
                                              api.add resource(Events, "/<path:obj type>/<string:</pre>
        "avg moisture",
       "light",
                                              api.add_resource(Feed, "/<path:obj_type>/<string:uu
        "temperature".
        "humidity",
        "water level",
                                              api.add resource(LetsEncrypt, "/.well-known/acme-characteristics")
        "light on"
                                              api.add resource(Time, "/time")
                                               return app
```

```
▼ Common
api
pipenv run python3 app.py

    APP SETTINGS: ["development", "testing", "staging", "production"]

 MONGO_URI: mongo+srv://<user>:<pass>.../db

    AUTH_SECRET_KEY: "mysupersecretloginkey"

Responses returned in JSON, enveloped in data and message fields.
POST, PUT & DELETE routes require an x-access-token OR x-api-key JWT token, Auth-Password superces
e.g.
 curl --header "x-access-token: 'jwt...'" -X POST "http://localhost:5000/gardens/"
 curl --header "Auth-Password: 'supersecretpassword'" -X DELETE "http://localhost:5000/"
                                                                                                       resources
Routes
   GET: Returns README.md as HTML
 . DELETE: Delete all gardens and plants

    Requires Auth-Password

 · POST: Create base collections

    Requires Auth-Password

/auth/

    GET: Generate a JSON Web Token for use in x-access-token header (200)

    Requires header Auth-Password

    Returns {"data": "eyJ0eXAi0iJKV1QiLCJhbGc..."}

/auth/token
 . GET: Verify token works
     Returns {"data":true}
/auth/kev

    GET: Generate an API key that never expires, kept in MongoDB collection keys.

    Requires header Auth-Password

    Returns {"data":"api_key"}

 · DELETE: Delete an API key by value (200)

    Takes body {"kev":"api kev to delete"}

 . GET: List all gardens (200)

    POST: Create a new garden (201)
```

README.md

api 🕋

__pycache_

_ pycache_ __init__.py

auth.py

db.py

pycache

__init__.py

data.py

event.py

pycache_

__init__.py

events.py

garden.py

index.py

plant.py

time.pv

token.py

🖺 .env

☐ .flaskenv

app.py

Pipfile

Procfile

__init__.py

Pipfile.lock

README.md

settinas.pv

tests ny

plant_list.py

garden_list.py

letsencrypt.pv

measurements.py

feed.py

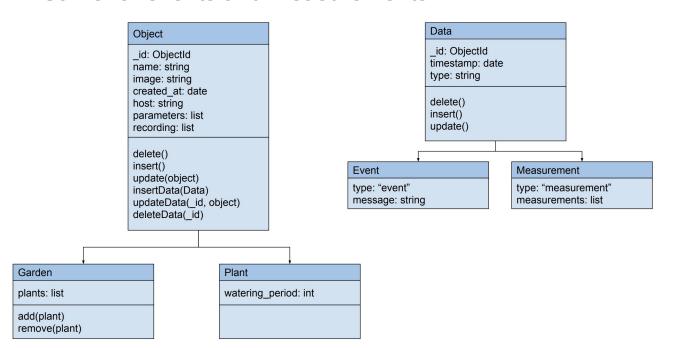
recordable.py

data_types.py

Models

Plants and gardens are very similar in nature, both record data, have names, events etc., as such should have a parent class

Same for events and measurements



```
ACCEPTED_MEASUREMENTS = [

[ "temperature", float ],

[ "moisture", float ],

[ "avg_moisture", float ],

[ "humidity", float ],

[ "light", float ],

[ "water_level", float ],

[ "light_on", bool ]

]

ACCEPTED_EVENTS = [

[ "WATERED", str ],

[ "FILLED_TANK", str ]

14 ]
```

MongoDB

One-to-Many

Points to plant that exists in this garden

```
subplants = db["plants"].find({
  _id: {$in : garden.plants}
}).toArray() ;
```

```
image: "https://ftp.cass.si/026420w70.jpeg"
 created at: 1579272607
  type: "garden"
v plants: Arrav
    0: ObjectId("5e21c9a5a7b8674fb3c0bd03")
    1: ObjectId("5e21c9a7a7b8674fb3c0bd04")
    2: ObjectId("5e3832f22160986bbc8d31ad")
    3: ObjectId("5e3832fc2160986bbc8d31ae")
    4: ObjectId("5e3833042160986bbc8d31af")
    5: ObjectId("5e38330f2160986bbc8d31b0")
    6: ObjectId("5e38331c2160986bbc8d31b1")
    7: ObjectId("5e3833272160986bbc8d31b2")
> recording: Array
  id: ObjectId("5e415c49b5e2caab35dc06d6")
  name: "garden"
  image: "placeholder.png"
  created at: 1581341769
 type: "garden"
> plants: Array
> recording: Array
```

id: ObjectId("5e21c99fa7b8674fb3c0bd02")

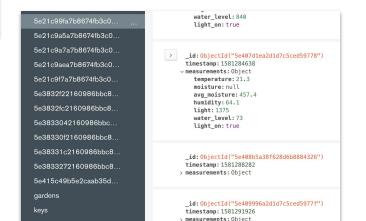
name: "VÄXER Garden"

```
garden._id = "ABCDEF"
// return all measurements for garden
db["ABCDEF"].find({type:"measurement"})
// return all events for garden
db["ABCDEF"].find({type:"event"})
```

One-to-Squillions

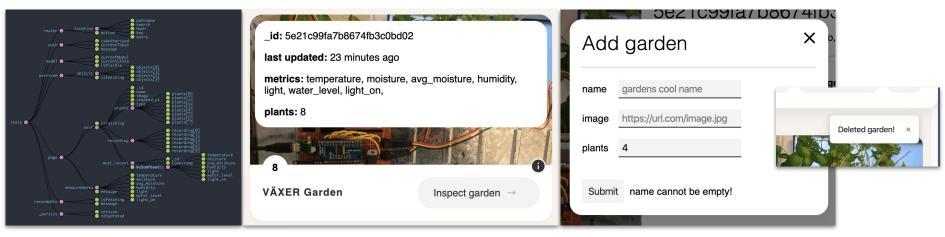
1 update/hr = 180 updates/week = 8765 updates/year **for one plant**

Move "measurements" array into own collection because MongoDB access times on very large arrays in documents suffers (+ max 16MB doc size)



Frontend

React, Redux, redux-persist, styled-components, jwt, redux-thunk, connected-react-router, chart.js, toasted notifications

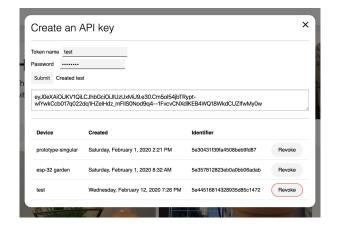


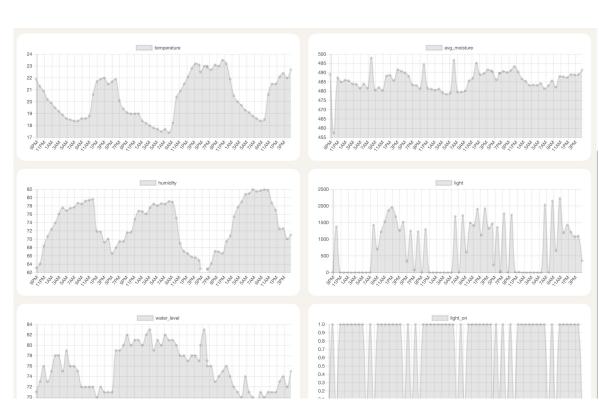
Modals, implemented own modal system with HOCs as opposed to baking in a premade library as a learning exercise - No one way to achieve it.

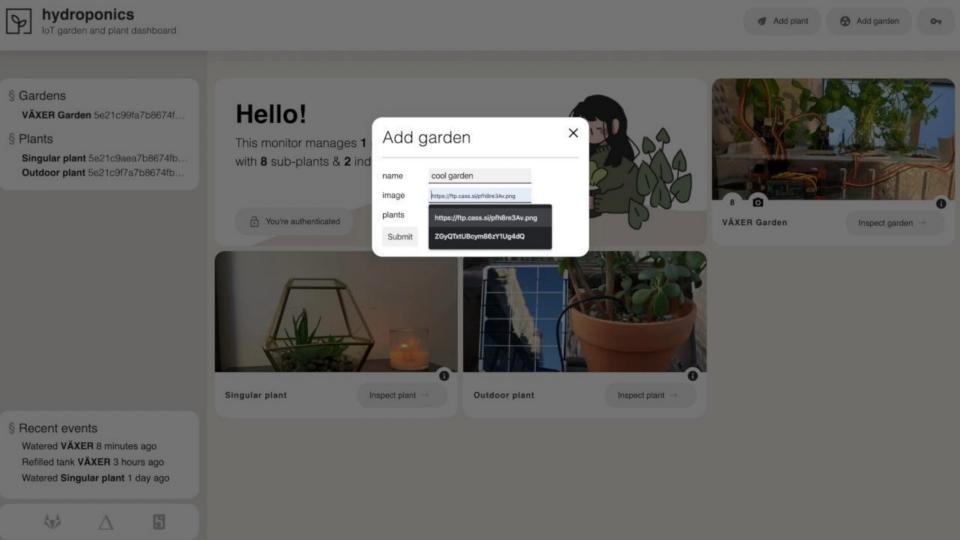
Netlify *rewrites* requests to /api/* in production to Heroku URL using a netlify.toml file

Frontend

- Manage API keys
- Manage plants & gardens
 - Target metrics
 - Events
- Trigger actions on microcontrollers
- View live stats







CI/CD pipeline

Commit → GitLab Task Runner started using .gitlab-ci.yml

Testing stage → Run Newman tests on API

Production → Deploy API on Heroku and FE on Netlify

All Activity (

Production: master@5f572eb Published

add api key list + some metadata to key model, refactor measurement getting

Today at 1:28 PM >

Latest activity







Today at 1:30 PM · View build log

deleteAll authGetApiKeys addDataToPlant deletePlant **GET** getPlants

authWithToken

POST authGetApiKey

POST postGarden

POST postPlantSingular

POST postPlantToGarden

getMeasurementFromPlant

Hardware

- ESP32 Testing gardens composed of several plants
- Raspberry Pi
 - NDVI-Camera: Use NoIR camera to capture active photosynthesis
 - prototype-singular: First hardware prototype to interact with API
- Wemos D1 Mini Designed and manufactured a circuit board to monitor individual plants (to eventually sell...)



hardware

garden (esp32)

Garden operates via a ESP32 (LilyGo TTGO V5), 8 moisture inputs, light level, water tank level, temperature & humidity. Garden has two highpower outputs to control a valve and hydroponics light. Bill of Materials in directory README.ind

- secrets.h
 - #define WIFI_SSID "wifi_ssid"
 - o #define WIFI PASSWORD "wifi password"
 - o #define API_KEY "api_key"

plant (wesmos d1 mini)

Plant operates via a WEMOS D1 mini with a custom PCB hat, moisture, light level, temperature & humidity. **Bill of Materials** in directory README. md

pi

ndvi-cam

Pi NoIR camera to see active photosynthesis via Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI). Data sent to Google Drive image store via PyDrive. Images then used in dashboard through /feed api endpoint.

- mycreds.txt : Google Drive token to access/upload files, never expires
- client_secrets.json: https://pythonhosted.org/PyDrive/quickstart.html
- .env: Files stored in GDrive in the form /hydroponics/<UUID>/raw & /hydroponics/<UUID>/ndvi , PyDrive access subfolders via id's which can be listed by running ListFolder in capture.py
- o G DRIVE RAW FOLDER ID : Id of folder where raw files are
- o G_DRIVE_NDVI_FOLDER_ID : Id of folder where NDVI timestamped files are

Info

- https://publiclab.org/notes/petter_mansson1/04-09-2019/low-cost-ndvi-analysis-using-raspberrypi-and-pinoir
- https://www.richardmudhar.com/blog/2015/07/using-near-ir-to-look-for-photosynthesis-and-plant-health-with-ndvi/

prototype-singular

Prototype board for testing API & site. Temperature, light level & moisture. 2.2" adafruit TFT display for debugging. Uses Arduino as I²2 ADC slave, just because.

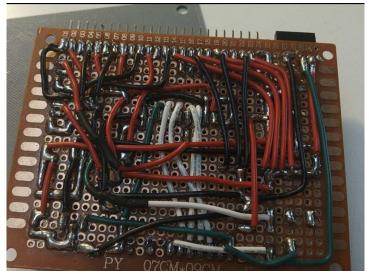
- .env
 - API_KEY=my_api_key
 - API_URL=https://api.hydroponics.cass.si/
 - PLANT_UUID=plant_uuid

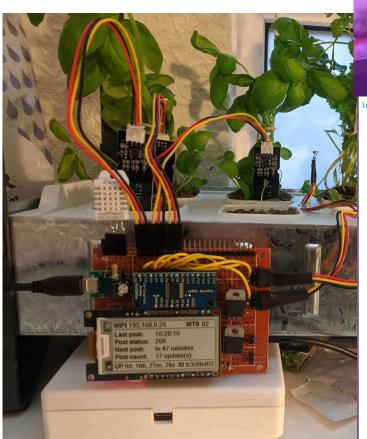
sudo apt-get install python3-pip ttf-dejavu python3-pil
git clone https://gitlab.com/cxss/moisture.track.git
pipenv install
pipenv run python3 main.py

ESP32

Written in C++, queries Python API

16 channel multiplexer supports up to 8 plants alongside temperature, humidity light level, water tank level & grow light switch





```
int sendGardenDataToApi(
   float *temperature,
   float *humidity,
   float *light_level,
   float *water_level,
   int *light_status,
   float *avg_moisture)
 Serial.println("Attempting to sent to API...");
 StaticJsonDocument<200> doc;
 doc["temperature"] = *temperature;
 doc["humidity"] = *humidity;
 doc["light"] = *light_level;
 doc["water_level"] = *water_level:
 doc["light_on"] = *light_status;
 doc["avg_moisture"] = *avg_moisture;
 serializeJsonPretty(doc, Serial);
 Serial.println("");
 char json_body[200];
 serializeJson(doc, json_body);
 http.begin("http://"API_URL"/gardens/"GARDEN_UUID);
 http.addHeader("Content-Type", "application/json");
 http.addHeader("x-api-key", API_KEY);
 int httpResponseCode = http.PUT(json_body);
 if (httpResponseCode == 200) {
   String response = http.getString():
   Serial.print(httpResponseCode); Serial.print(" ");
   Serial.println(response);
 } else {
   Serial.print("Error on sending POST: ");
   Serial.println(httpResponseCode);
 http.end();
 return httpResponseCode;
```

ESP32

Expose micro-controller to API by port-forwarding through router,

Call routes on the microcontroller (IP not exposed):

```
GET https://api.hydroponics.cass.si/plants/<uuid>/events/WATER_PLANT

calls ↓

GET http://83.9.93.103:8080/events/WATER_PLANT

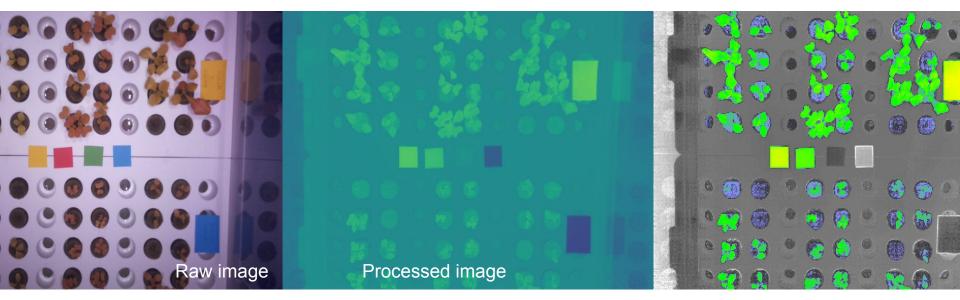
runs ↓

void waterPlant(int current_level) { ... } //open water valve for n seconds
```

Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI) Cam

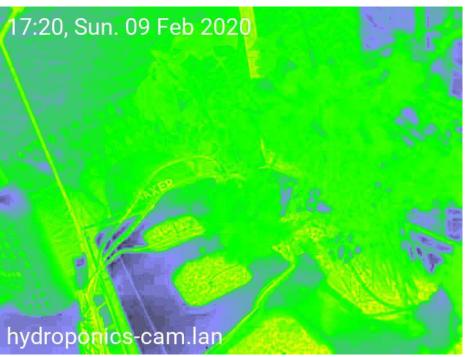
No Infrared Camera + Python + Matlab + PyDrive

Uses Google Drive as a image store to be later served by API for a live feed



NDVI





Needs a blue light filter...

Raspberry Pi

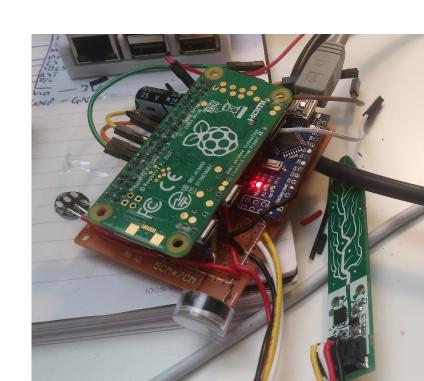
First prototype to send real data to the API, tracked:

- Light level
- Moisture
- Temperature

Realised pretty quickly I'd need non-expiring

API authentication keys... added that

Learned how to use an Arduino Nano as an I2C slave to communicate data between Pi and Nano



Wemos D1 Mini

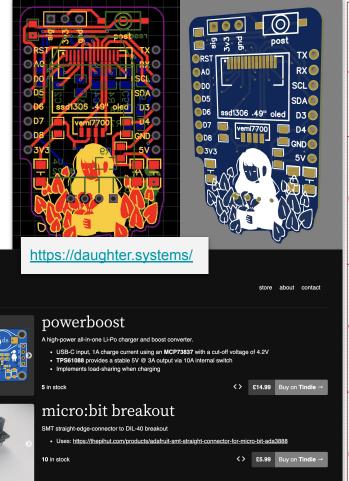
MicroPython, 0.49" display (tiny!!)

Designed circuit and PCB layout on EasyEDA

End goal is to sell on my website

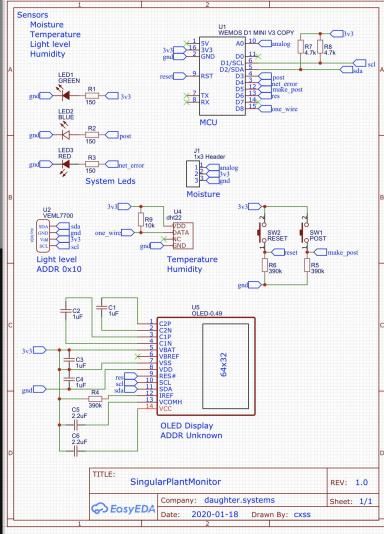
daughter.systems @ 2019





by-nc-sa 4.0

Δ



The future

Extending usability of system through Google Home/Alexa.

"Hey Google, water the plants"

PCB to manage gardens of N plants

Identifying plants through Pl@ntNet API (https://my-api.plantnet.org/)

...Social network for tracking plants and gardens?